1

2

During a single fission event of uranium-235 in a nuclear reactor the total mass lost is 0.23 u. The reactor is 25% efficient.

How many events per second are required to generate 900 MW of power?

Α	1.1×10^{14}	0
В	6.6 × 10 ¹⁸	0
С	1.1 × 10 ²⁰	0
D	4.4 × 10 ²⁰	0

(Total 1 mark)

Uranium-236 undergoes nuclear fission to produce barium-144, krypton-89 and three free neutrons.

What is the energy released in this process?

Nuclide	Binding energy per nucleon / MeV
²³⁶ 92U	7.5
¹⁴⁴ 58Ba	8.3
⁸⁹ 87	8.6



(Total 1 mark)



What is the approximate total binding energy for a nucleus of $~^{184}_{74}\mathrm{W}?$



3

(Total 1 mark)

(a) Scattering experiments are used to investigate the nuclei of gold atoms.
In one experiment, alpha particles, all of the same energy (monoenergetic), are incident on a foil made from a single isotope of gold.

4

(i) State the main interaction when an alpha particle is scattered by a gold nucleus.

(ii) The gold foil is replaced with another foil of the same size made from a mixture of isotopes of gold. Nothing else in the experiment is changed.

Explain whether or not the scattering distribution of the monoenergetic alpha particles remains the same.

(1)

(b) Data from alpha-particle scattering experiments using elements other than gold allow scientists to relate the radius R, of a nucleus, to its nucleon number, A. The graph shows the relationship obtained from the data in a graphical form, which obeys

the relationship $R = r_0 A^{\frac{1}{3}}$



(i) Use information from the graph to show that r_0 is about 1.4×10^{-15} m.

(ii) Show that the radius of a $\frac{51}{23}$ V nucleus is about 5 × 10⁻¹⁵ m.

(2)

(1)

(c) Calculate the density of a $\frac{51}{23}$ V nucleus.

State an appropriate unit for your answer.

density _____ unit _____

(3) (Total 8 marks)