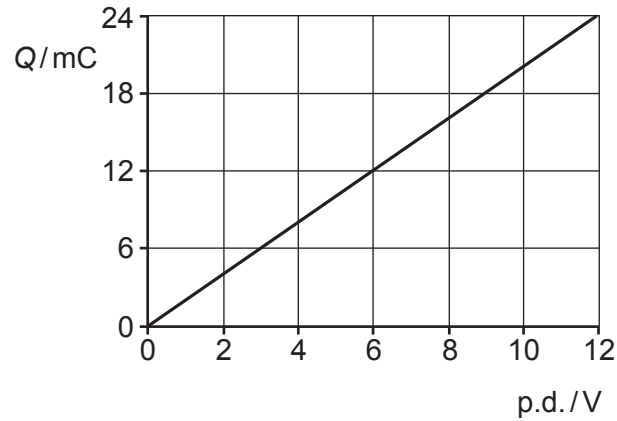


The following information is for use in questions 7 and 8.

The diagram shows the $Q - V$ graph for a capacitor charged to 12 V.



7 What is the capacitance?

- A $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F}$
- B $144 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F}$
- C $288 \times 10^{-3} \text{ F}$
- D 500 F

Your answer

[1]

8 Which of the following is the energy stored?

- A $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$
- B $144 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$
- C $288 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$
- D 500 J

Your answer

[1]

34 A student makes an iterative model for the decay of charge on a capacitor. The time constant of the circuit is $RC = 10\text{s}$.

time lapsed /s	charge Q on capacitor /C	charge ΔQ leaving capacitor in time interval $\Delta t = 1\text{ s}$ /C	charge Q remaining after time interval Δt /C
t	Q	$\Delta Q \approx \frac{Q\Delta t}{RC}$	$Q = (Q - \Delta Q)$
0	5	$\frac{5 \times 1}{10} = 0.5$	$5 - 0.5 = 4.5$
1	4.5		

(a) Complete the numerical values in the two blank cells in the table. [2]

(b) (i) Explain the physics behind the approximation in the third column of the table $\Delta Q \approx \frac{Q\Delta t}{RC}$.

.....

 [2]

(ii) State the assumption made in using this approximation and explain how its effect can be made insignificant.

.....

 [2]

- 2 This question is about charging a capacitor in a circuit with two resistors in series.

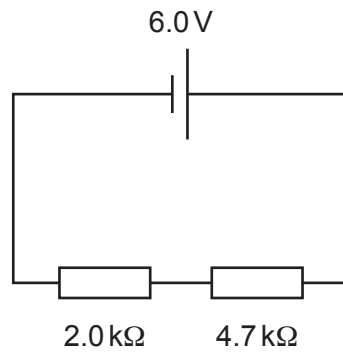


Fig. 2.1

- (a) Show that the p.d. across the 4.7 kΩ resistor in the circuit in Fig. 2.1 is about 4V, assuming that the cell has zero internal resistance.

[2]

- (b) A student changes the circuit as shown in Fig. 2.2

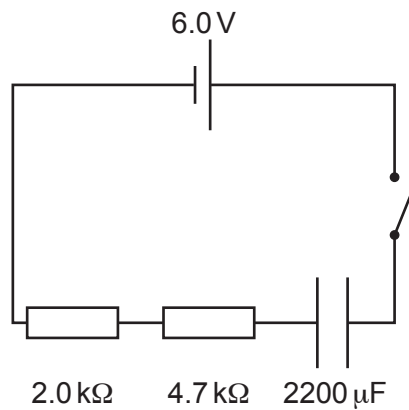


Fig. 2.2

Show that the time constant of the circuit is about 15s.

[2]

- (c) The graph in Fig. 2.3 shows how the p.d. across the capacitor varies with time up to $5RC$. Add a line to the graph that shows how the p.d. across the **4.7 k Ω resistor** varies with time.

Add another line to show how the p.d. across the **2.0 k Ω resistor** varies with time. Label the lines.

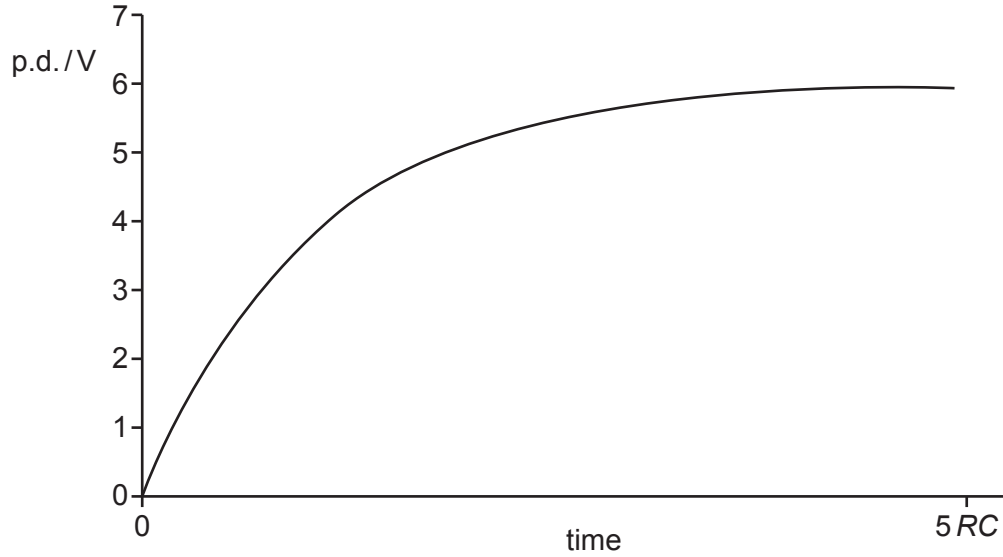


Fig. 2.3

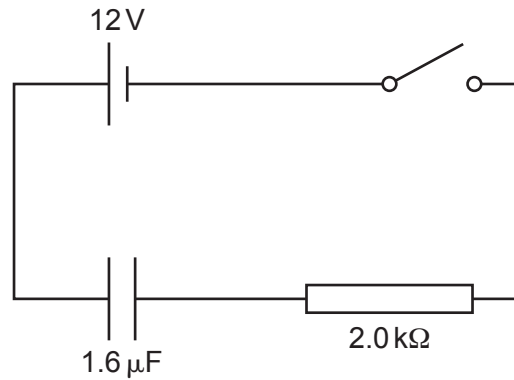
[2]

- (d) Calculate the time it takes from the start of the charging for the p.d across the capacitor to reach 5.0V.

time = s [4]

The following information is for use in questions 13 and 14.

An uncharged capacitor and a resistor are connected in this circuit.



	current / mA	p.d. across the capacitor / V	p.d. across the resistor / V
A	0	12	0
B	2	8	4
C	3	6	6
D	6	0	12

- 13 Which set of values **A** to **D** above, most closely represents the situation immediately after the switch is closed?

Your answer

[1]

- 14 Which set of values **A** to **D** above, most closely represents the situation 3 seconds after the switch is closed?

Your answer

[1]